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Treichlers Moving to Colorado, Leaving Us Their Iowa Tea Lore

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School of Living Trustees, cont'd

are the concrete work of Leo Rainer, the cabinets and carpentry of Mr. Sprague, and the atractive doorstep made of old mill stones by George Pettie.

It is hoped that many, many more persons will cross this threshold this summer (and in the years to come), to enjoy, benefit from and contribute to the development and meaning of the new, **member-owned** School of Living Center.

Reactions, Suggestions Wanted

Some persons who had an early report on plans for purchase of this property for a School of Living Center responded immediately. Two are recorded below (send us yours):

"How absolutely marvelous about buying the Mill and 30 acres! This is more like it! Now we can do something definite."— Eleanor Woods, Blue River, Ore.

"I am shocked at the enormous

amount being paid for the Mill and 30 acres. I had no idea the trustees would vote such a large debt. Debt I was prepared for, but not \$15,000. I believe it a mistake if the membership is not consulted on this matter. It is we who will shell out.*

"I suggest much further discussion and publicizing of the means and ends. The pages of **A Way Out** and **Green Revolu**tion should be humming relative a to this transaction. If we are to⁴ remain libertarian, all members and readers ought to participate in the decisions."—Ferdi Knoess, 3588 Delaware, Gary, Ind.

At all gatherings this summer, ways and means for quickly raisin the money will be planned. Come, join the discussion.

*Ed. Note: Mr. Knoess sends frequent voluntary contributions for the School of Living Building Fund.

Some Thoughts on Homesteading, Part III-We Must Not Only Grow Our Food, But Preserve It Properly

By Hal Porter

Keeping food would also present a problem. Every now and then someone advocates going back to nature and natural living and advises the drying, smoking and salting of food to pre-serve it. This was one thing which defeated our pioneer ancestors. Food saved in this way loses all its enzymes and most of its vitamins, and even some of the proteins are changed into unusable forms. Because much of the year our forefathers subsisted on this kind of food they had all sorts of illnesses, caused by malnutrition. Anyone who can remember the home remedies used in those times (included in the childhood of a lot of us) can realize the truth of this statement.

Freezing and Refrigerating

So the modern homesteader has to keep his food in a way that will preserve all the nutrition possible. The only good way is by freezing, which is another reason for taking advantage of modern industrial products that further the homestead. However, I would have gas refrigeration. Electricity, in spite of the propaganda ads on the boob tube, is expensive. So is gas when you have to buy it. but it is possible. and has been for 30 or more years, to make your own gas generator for methane gas and to make the gas out of farm wastes such as corncobs and manures.

This makes it possible to have a walk-in cold room for aging meat, and a walk-in refrigerator to keep the meat as well as other freezers for fruits and vegetables. Also it is possible to compress this gas into tanks and run automobiles and gasoline farm equipment. and the conversion is not a bit expensive for anyone sible poisons. It may entail a lot of work, and probably I should help with some of this, cutting up and peeling vegetables, cutting the meat, etc.

I don't mind. Here again, a persons attitude is all-important. If one want's to get out of the kitchen in a hurry he should forget homesteading and stick to the unhealthy life of the city or suburbia, and be dependent on the supermarket for existence.

This pinpoints the real difference between homesteading in the modern manner and the accepted American way of life. The city dweller is absolutely dependent on the market for his living. If anything happens to our system of distribution, such as war strikes. riots, or whatever can upset the general scheme of things, the average householder will rapidly eat up the meager supplies on hand and then go hungry. The homesteader could see all distribution break down and his only hardship would be that he would have to give up his coffee and some other things he might better do wihout.

The only real security, as always, lies in the land and in oneself. It would be interesting to know how much fear, worry, and anxiety are caused by the realization of the average citizen that he is absolutely dependent on society as a whole for his very existence. The homesteader requires only himself and his little piece of land.

How Much Cash Income?

However, as a homesteader I will need some income. While the emphasis will be just the opposite of Mr. John Q who works to get the money to buy the bread to gain the strength to go to work and then is tragically shortchanged on the food, which does not contain the material to give him strength, the homesteader still needs some income to live in the modern world, to buy such luxuries as books, magazines and other sources of entertainment and knowledge, and even records. radio and television. This last is valuable as a time waster; this I sometimes need as I have a great tendency to disregard my doctor's orders and work 16 hours a day. The idiot box helps me to sit still and use neither my muscles nor my brain for hours while the body recoups and rebuilds.



Treichlers Moving to Colorado, Leaving Us Their Iowa Tea Lore

Bill Treichler, Birch Lake Farm, Walker, Ia., began teaching in March at a farm school at Carbondale, Colo. Martha and the four children will join him when Iowa school is out. In Colorado the Treichler family expect to continue their cherished homestead life, and add to it the larger opportunity of teaching and sharing with high school youngsters. Bill reports things challenging and satisfying. In the late 40's, just out of Black Mountain College, Bill and Martha returned to Bill's parental home, built a charming cottage at the lake's edge on the home place, and took over the farming for family use. In the center of the house, one view shown here, is a stone structure that incorporates a fireplace, a small bathroom and closet. The stone is from a nearby abandoned bridge. Beams from walls to the stone structure are logs from the farm woods.

Family living circles around the stone center; the kitchen is on the east; living room west, facing the lake; dining south; and bedroom wing (with an addition) to the north.

The Treichlers are reluctant to leave their three-generation homestead. But, they asy, "The government is putting in a dam on the river nearby, which will encompass our lake and site, so that's another reason for this change."

Many readers of Go Ahead and Live! have reported their interest in the chapter on "Beating the Cost of Living" which Bill and Martha wrote. Best wishes for their new venture!

Martha writes below on homestead teas.

Grow Your Own Tea

We homesteaders must think ahead. Since we want to have fragrant, steaming tea next winter, now is the time to start planning for it. All spring, sum mer, and even into fall, we harvest a variety of green leaves to give us a cup of hot brew whenever we want it next winter.

Tea, for us, is part food and part tonic. We enjoy it, and we think it is a good source of minerals during the long winter months when we have no fresh garden greens. When we choose herbs and plants for our tea supply, we add some plants more for their nutritional quality than the stems of each bunch and hang them separately on cuphooks under a shelf in my kitchen. This shelf is between two windows and gets good air circulation. If I had a roofed-over place out doors, that would probably dry the leaves even faster. Any dry, airy place, out of direct sunlight, is good for drying.

TREICHLER HOME

at Walker, Iowa,

which the family

is now leaving.

The tea leaves are still a pretty green color when I take them down, crackling dry. The length of time needed for the drying depends on the weather and the thickness of leaf; comfrey may take a week. I put the bunches into a large paper sack, loosely twist the top shut, and before hanging it in a closet I jab a few holes in the sack with a sharp pencil. Tea doesn't like to be stored in an air tight container.

When winter comes, we can choose many different combinations when we drink tea: spearmint with a hint of walnut and marigold one day, comfrey the next, maybe a little of everything the third day.

NFAers Invited to Old Mill Center

Pennsylvania Natural Foods Associates will hold their state convention June 10-11 at Dickinson College, Carlisle, Penna. Many School of Living members and friends will attend. All of these, and any others interested in the School of Living "idea," are invited to meet on Sunday, June 12 (11 a.m.), at the new School of Living Center, Heathcote Road, near Maryland Line (RFD, Freeland), Md. Telephone 357-5723.

Any person interested may contact Grace Lefever (Sonnewald Homestead, Spring Grove, Pa., phone 223-1221 (who will be at the NFA meeting).

Leaders of the NFA meeting— Beatrice Trum Hunter, Euell Gibbons, Gina Larson—and others—are invited to accompany the interested group. The 11 a.m. session will show the compatibility of the School of Living and NFA, and "The Homestead" will be discussed — followed by a 1:30 luncheon of whole organic foods.

School of Living Meetings Planned

June 12 — NFA Convention participants meet at School of Living Center, Freeland, Md.

July 2-4--Homestead Festival and Ohio Regional Meeting, Smart and Loomis Homesteads. Write to Rose Smart, 4998 Twin Creek Road, West Alexandria, Ohio.

July 5-Aug. 5—Intensive study for 8 to 10 qualified persons of Major (End All War) Problems of Living. at Lane's End Homestead. Mildred Loomis, discussion leader. Also training in writing. group process and personal dynamics. Students will maintain themselves in our building. Fee. \$10 a week.

July 16-17 — Bay Area School of Living meeting with Pres. Leo Koch, San Francisco.

Aug. 6-7—Los Angeles Area School of Living meeting with Pres. Leo Koch, in Los Angeles.

Sept. 10-11 — Michigan Area School of Living meeting, near Traverse City, Mich.

Goat and Rabbit Recipes Shared

By Rose Smart

Part II

We eat rabbit until it comes out of our ears. Fried rabbit equals fried chicken, and roast rabbit is one of our favorites if the young ones come on faster than we can use them (as fryers). I use rabbit in any recipe calling for chicken. Here is one which our guests particularly like:

Hawaiian Rabbit

Cut fryer rabbits into very small pieces (back legs into at least four pieces). Dredge in mixture of 1 cup flour, 1 T. powdered ginger, salt and paprika. Brown in butter, margarine or oil (more flavorful than lard). Life out, and discard fat. Replace browned pieces in pan, add large can of pineapple chunks and juice, pint size of apricol nectar or juice, 1/4 cup honey, 3 T. soy sauce. Simmer, covered (in most of an hour should be very well done). Toward the last, add green pepper cut into large bits and thinly sliced carrots. Pepper essential for flavor, carrots add color. Serve over rice, cooked separately. This can be prepared ahead and reheated, and is excellent cold.

Goat Cheese and Butter

Q. I need help in making butter and cheese from goat milk. I am interested in getting cream out of the milk without a separator, since this would be expensive for one goat.—Hal Porter

A. It takes longer for cream to rise on goat milk, but it can be skimmed like cow's milk. Don't let it set outside the refrigerator, for it takes on bad flavor very quickly from surrounding odors and bacteria. We pour our milk through a filter pad, set the jars to cool in cold water, and then put in refrigerator. At one time we tried pouring the milk from container, as in commercial dairies, to let odors escape from the milk. But we thought the difference in flavor not worth the extra effort. I make butter just as with cow's milk, though it seems to come more quickly. For me it never gets to the "kernel" stage after the whipped cream stage, and before the blob stage. These are not regular dairy terms, but you know what I mean. Wash the butter carefully. I have not yet made butter from goat cream that will keep "sweet" any length of time. It must be the washing that I do not do sufficiently well. We have not yet succeeded in making any but cottage cheese. Goat's milk needs practically no heating; the curd will toughen very quickly. Some of our friends warm the milk by putting pan in a sink of hot water (the very lowest heat on a stove seems to be too much for goat's milk). We like the flavor of butter when the cream is allowed to sour or ripen, but prefer our cottage cheese to be made, with rennet, of sweet goat milk, It works either way, however.

with some mechanical ability.

The Homestead Kitchen

The other important part of the homestead is the kitchen. wherein we process and convert the meat, fruits, grains and vegetables into food. And this food can surpass that of any gourmet. This kitchen will have to be like the old-fashioned much farmhouse kitchen: spacious, lots of work counters and tables, large sink with running hot and cold water, a gas stove and an old-fashioned wood range. This last is important for warmth in the winter and for the flavor of the food; nothing tastes as good as when it is cooked over a hardwood fire. However, on hot days and for fast work the gas stove would also be handy. This kitchen would also need a pantry for storage. It would take the place of the factory or factories which produce instant, ready-prepared food. But the food prepared in this kitchen, either for storage in a freezer or for canning, or to go directly to the table, contains no chemicals which might be pos-

(to be continued)

Wend, cont'd

where.

Our January Green Revolution article on the Wends brought them many inquiries, which they say they tried to answer. Now we hope to persuade them to design and sell plans for decent chairs, so that many homesteaders can construct their own proper chairs to their own body needs.—MJL for their nutritional quality than for their flavor. Carrot tops and alfalfa are among these.

Other leaves add fascinating, mysterious flavor and aroma when a small amount is added to our tea brew. Marigold and black walnut leaves are in this class. Wild pennyroyal makes a royally delicious tea, but may be hard to find. The peeling of the sassafras root makes another tea we like, but don't have in our part of the country. On a visit to some relatives in Virginia not long ago we got enough sassafras root for several years.

Spearmint is a favorite of ours. It is easily grown if we remember that it needs a lot of moisture. Comfrey is another favorite. When it is freshly picked it smells like melons, but dried and brewed into tea it has a fullbodied, nutty flavor.

I dry all tea leaves in small bunches, as quickly as possible after they have been picked. Instead of washing the leaves, which makes inferior tea, I pick only clean leaves.

I put a rubber band around

Letters, cont'd

75c; Laura Archera Huxley, You Are Not the Target, \$4.95; Mildred Loomis and others. Go Ahead and Live!, \$4.00; James Clark Maloney, Battle for Mental Health, \$3.50; James Clark Maloney, The Magic Cloak, \$3.50; James Clark Maloney, Fear, Contagion and Conquest, \$3.75; Helen & Scott Nearing, Living the Good Life, \$3.50; A. S. Neill, Summerhill, \$5.75. paperback, \$1.95: Snell & Gail J. Putney, Normal Neurosis, \$4.00; Wilhelm Reich, Selected Writings, paperback, \$2.75; Wilhelm Reich, Sexual Revolution, paperback, \$2.75; John Ransom Shortney, How to Live on Nothing, \$4.95; Herb Snitzer, Summerhill, a Loving World, \$6.95; Thomas S. Szasz, The Myth of Mental Illness, \$7.50; Simon J. Wickler, Take Off Your Shoes and Walk, \$3.50; Charles Morrow Wilson, Let's Try Barter, \$3.95.

(These books—and others, are for loan—borrower paying postage both ways—or for sale at prices indicated.—Editor)