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Trust Your Beaver

Nina Johnson

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that life in the future be lived in small civilized communities and in esthetic, do-it-yourself homelife."



Above, Mrs. Loomis in her garden; and, on left, preparing the daily bread at Lane's End (1966). She may be the only woman with an M.A. degree in this country who has ground the grain for and baked every loaf of bread served in her home for the past quarter of a century.

VI — Joy In Living Or Normal Neurosis?

In the psychological, inter-personal field too, Mrs. Loomis has studied and experimented widely. She has had intensive training in group dynamics, some in scientology, general semantics and other types of communication. Many apprentices and students, single and in families, have lived at Lane's End (the Loomis homestead), as part of "experiments" in relating. In general, Mrs. Loomis follows the thesis and practice that energy, joy and creativity result from shared feelings, good feedback and continued effort at an accurate and acceptable self-image.

VII — A Call for Everyman's Right

In the civic area, Mrs. Loomis is neither "right" nor "eft." She deplores the fact that modern culture is organized around coercion, i.e., the political state. She observes the world extensionally and sees that choice and freedom decrease from mistakenly legalizing certain goods (i.e., natural resources and money) as private property when their nature calls for common or cooperative handling. She distinguishes between property and trusterty, and agrees therefore with neither. "capitalism" in individualizing "social" goods, nor with collectivism in solializing "individually" earned goods. She has been joined by younger friends in delineating these concepts in a "Call For A Real Right," a third group that works for more voluntary association via more political realism.

Mrs. Loomis is author-editor of Go Ahead and Live!, a popular 1965 book which presents the story of a young couple confronting and taking action on their major, universal problems of living. \$4.15 from:

> The School of Living Lane's End Homestead Brookville, Ohio 45309

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Earthworms

Their Intensive Propagation and Use In Biological Soil Building

Part II (continued from last month) (Excerpted from a booklet of the above title.)

By Thomas J. Barrett

Domesticated Earthworm Culture

We have adopted the name, "domesticated earthworms," which are propagated in concentrated cultures and in a planned and created favorable environment, as opposed to the native earthworms which are found in garden, orchard, field and forest. Native earthworms multiply and spread very slowly, and, after geological ages have passed, are found in negligible numbers as compared to the almost "astronomical" multiplication in intensive earthworm cul-

The simple, easily understood technique for propagation and use of domesticated earthworms can be quickly mastered by anyone. Due to the exceedingly rapid multiplication, it is an easy matter to build up an adequate stock of breeding earthworms from a small initial start of one or two culture beds to the production of vast numbers of egg-capsules for hatching out millions of soilbuilders. It should be borne in mind that in intensive use of earthworms for soil-building, earthworms must be propagated in concentrations hundreds of times more dense than is found in nature. From the concentrated culture beds, maintained under perfect control and favorable environmental conditions, the soil of lawns, gardens, nurseries, farms and orchards can be impregnated and adequate earthworm population established for renewing, conditioning and maintaining the topsoil.

While building up a fertile, beautiful homesite or garden, the individual who so desires can make his place a center of attraction to the entire community. At the same time, he can lay the foundation for a profitable, spare time home industry.

Talking about the value of the earthworm in nature without doing any thing about it, is exactly like talking about the value of water power in nature, with never a thought of utilizing it in the practical service of man.

We have done something about it. In the intensive propagation and use of domesticated earthworms, we have harnessed them and put them to work at soil-building in concentrations of more than 100,000,000 per acre foot — 3,000 or more earthworms per cubic foot of composted material of topsoil. The numbers of earthworms in a given environment are limited only by the amount of food

The greatest of all teachers—Mother Nature—has given us an example of "mass-production" of earthworm topsoil in the Nile Valley,, as well as in every valley and lowland throughout the world.

From authoritative sources we have shown what the earthworm has accomplished in building fertile topsoil. We have shown them working in the soils of England in concentrations of 25,000 to 53,000 per acre or more, and in the soils of the United States in concentrations of from 250,000 to upwards of 2,000,000 per acre. We have shown them in the annual production of ten tons of castings per acre in England, to an annual production of more than 200 tons of castings per acre in the Upper Valley of the Nile.

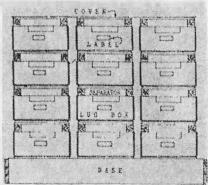
"What has been done can be done" is an old truism, and Nature has shown us that it has been done. In intensive propagation and use of domesticated earthworms, under perfect control, we create the favorable environment, provide the abundant soil-building material that is cheaply available, and the earthworms forthwith duplicate the mass-production example of nature.

Earthworm Culture in Boxes

The simplest and most practical method for the beginner in earthworm culture is propagation boxes. Many years' experience in the intensive breeding of earthworms for egg-capsule production

has demonstrated that a box 14 inches wide, 171/2 inches long and 6 inches deep (overall measurements) is the most favorable size for convenient and easy handling. The overall depth of box should be approximately 6 inches, but the other dimensions may be varied to suit individual pref-

While boxes may be constructed for the purpose, a cheap source of such culture boxes is the standard vegetable lug box of the above dimensions, usually obtainable



Propagation Boxes

at the grocery or market for from 3 to 10 cents each. Such lug boxes are light in weight, quite strong and durable, and are perfectly adapted to the breeding of earthworms.

(continued next month)

Letters To The Editor

Community, An Alternative To the Editor:

The idea of intentional community as an alternative to the mass society is new to me, and I would appreciate references. books and people, to acquaint us with the subject, and with the School of Living - history, current activity and intent. And advise the relationship between Wilhelm Reich and School of Living membership or activity in our area.-M. R. Walsh, 5380 S. Martin Rd., New Berlin, Wisc.

Get Society Off Our Backs To the Editor:

My wife and I are interested in the idea of getting back to the

land, and in learning to live there, if this does not require abdication of our responsibility to our brothers. We are sick of the city, credit, interest payments, fattening the pockets of employers and being grateful for the opportunity. We don't want to desert society, just want to get it off our backs a little. Would appreciate introductory material. - Harry Johnson, 3053 N. Neva, Chicago, Ill. 60534

Interest Grows To Support

To the Editor:

What a beautiful issue your May-June 1966 A Way Out is! A very good summary of the School of Living for newcomers

THE GREEN REVOLUTION — 5 December, 1966

Classified: 35c per line. Minimum 3 lines or \$1.05. Average line has 40 spaces.

spaces.

Display: \$5 per column inch. No discounts on any ads. Payment must accompany order.

Deadline: 10th of preceding month (example: April 10 for May issue).

Advertising Manager: Arthur Harvey, Raymond, New Hampshire.

riealth Rejuvenation. Fasting. Vacationing. Weight reduction. Nude sunbathing. Spring water pool. Gulf beaches. Delightful natural foods. Health lectures. Rates \$8 up. Copperative employment available. Write SHANGRI-LA HEALTH RESORT Bonita Springs, Florida 33923-G Enclose \$1 for book, "Fasting Can Save Your Life." (5-66)3

LIVING HIGH by June Burn. Joyous home-steading classic. New illus. edition, \$3. Wel-lington Books, 346 Concord. Belmont, Mass. (y4)

(y4)

MANUAL FOR A SIMPLE BURIAL. A very useful little booklet, written by Ernest Morgan ((3rd edition). Shows how to obtain simplicity, dignity and economy in funeral arrangements through advance planning. Has lists of funeral and memorial societies and eye-banks; tells how to bequeath your body; etc. \$1 from School of Living.

THE OWNER-BUILT HOME is nearing completion. Vol. 4 will be finished in October issue of Green Revolution. It will be reprinted in looseleaf form, 3-hole punched for insertion in ring binder, as were Vols. I, II, and III. Each volume is \$2, from School of Living or direct from Ken Kern, Sierra Route, Oakhurst, Calif.

living the good life

by Scott & Helen Nearing Read details about their organic gar-dening, house and greenhouse building on a New England homestead farm. Clothbound Photos 210 pages \$3.50 FOREST FARM, HARBORSIDE, MAINE

A Doctor, cont'd

public; supported by the PHS, by industry, by professional organizations, lay groups and trusting individual civic leaders, they created an unfavorable public image of all who disagreed, lay persons and scientists alike.

A review of this book would not be complete without mentioning the author's wife who urged her husband until he swallowed his scientific pride and took a square look at the situation. She used her life savings to publish an anti-fluoridation newspaper for several years. Like a Pamela against the Titans, with no editorial nor publishing experience, this woman launched out against the tide.

In this vaunted modern world with its pseudo-ethics, it is good to find an honest couple who are not blown about by every wind of doctrine.

like us. When we read Go Ahead and Live! and your papers at first, we were interested in getting as much as possible for as little as possible, but by now I have sympathy for the school and want to help support it. So here's a check for various items. . . . My wife and I have spent time since the San Francisco School of Living meetings last summer with Frances Crary on her ranch—a creative, determined and capable person who will play a strong role in any effort of which she is a part. - Mathew Davis, 106 La-Verne, Mill Valley, Calif. 94943

Trust Your Beaver

To the Editor:

I must tell you about our beaver dam.

We had a flood two years ago (15 inches of rain): all creeks and small streams became raging torrents. After the streams went down, we discovered a beaver in a nearby pond. We let him be and thought no more about it.

This summer, deep in our woods where a thick tangle of blackberries and fallen trees makes it difficult to roam, we discovered a new pond and dam-75 ft. long and 3 ft. across. There are two beaver houses, one at the edge and one in the center of the pond. All the blackberry thicket has been cleared for free - bless the beavers. They keep building the dam higher, and their spill-(continued on page 6)

Wanted: Applicants for clerical, record and promotion work for School of Living. Moderate salary and housing provided. Send a resume of experience and any pertinent comments to: School of Living, Brookville, Ohio.

Golden Acres Producing "Ole Time" Apple Cider Vinegar

By A. P. Thompson Rt. 2, Front Royal, Va.

[Editor's Note: More than 20 years ago, A. P. Thompson read Borsodi's Inflation Is Coming and followed its counsel to establish a homestead. There he developed his now famous organic apple orchard (he has experimented with and uses earthworm culture, as mentioned in our October issue in his talk at our annual workshop). A severe freeze in May caused a staggering loss in his 1966 crop. Mr. Thompson now plans to add several noncommercial aspects to his business: a cooperative plan for pickers (exchanging luscious apples. sauce, juice and cider for help); a harvest festival; a rustic sales room serving hot apple juice and dumplings in front of a huge fireplace. It's a turn to a slower pace and more joy in living.]

During September, this year, a new product made its debut at Golden Acres Orchard. Its name: "Golden Acres Ole-Time Apple Cider Vinegar."

Our vinegar has been made the way the ancient Greeks and Romans made it: the way our early New England settlers did. Sound, fully ripe apples with their aromatic substances were juiced and transferred to wooden barrels where the slow, complex transformation to vinegar took place. The resultant product has a fragrance and quality unlike anything one finds in commercial vinegars. Its strength is such that one can dilute it by 50% and still have a strong product.

As is so often the case, in the hectic and hurried world we live in today the speedy shortcuts adopted in industrial food processing result in a loss of many (if not all) of those normally inherent qualities that make food taste good and enjoyable. The pleasure of eating adds to the sum total of the things that make it a joy to live. In our competitive society we have lost many of the natural qualities of foods by adopting rapid industrial processing methods to get a less costly product.

For many years many of our apple customers have requested us to make vinegar available. We knew little of the process involved, so we advertised to locate someone who knew how it was made the "ole time" way. Finally, after several years of searching, we located a very old man who was once known as a master vintner. His family lived in the mountains of West Virginia and for generations they made vinegar. He had preserved some of the prized "mother" they

New, contd

We have quite a lot of land. We intended to acquire a much smaller holding, but with unl help we ended with buying 157 acres. Our place, an ex-farm, had just under a thousand dollars in equity, and the final cost to us was only \$15 per acre! We have roughly 100 acres of cleared land, with the remainder in woods, brush and a bit of bog. We hope to do some tree planting on the once crop land. There are several good sites for cabins, gardens, or-chards, bees and community shelter. Besides our cabin there stands a sturdy 28' x 32' barn which we use for wood and storage. We plan to sink a root cellar in one corner. Plenty of other room for possible housing, workshops, studio-study. Our "building" site is totally surrounded by woods or high bushes, mostly hazelnut; a fine white birch grove borders the north.

Wild life abounds: to name a few: deer, mallards, swallows, woodchucks, loons, robins, porcupines. The wild plum and chokecherry are in magnificent white bloom now. Violets, strawberries, anemones, march marigold and strawbell have bloomed and wild currant should appear soon.

(continued next month)

once used. Like the French with their fine wines, famous vinegar makers developed their strains of bacteria (mother); and attributed particular excellence of a product to the carefully guarded bacteria used in making it.

bacteria used in making it.

Even though this old man had been retired for many years, he agreed to preside over the making of our first vinegar. Last March we filled the barrels with fine cider from sound apples and he took over. As the summer months passed we all grew impaient to bottle some, but he said "not ready yet." Finally one day in last September he gave the word, "it's ready to bottle."

Aside from the fact that our vinegar has been prepared from whole apples, grown without poisons, people will relish its bouquet, tang and quality and select it just for the sheer enjoyment of something good. We have only a limited amount this year; if it moves well we will increase our production in the future.

Champions Vitamin E

By Pauline Pidgeon

Horace Champney, Ph.D., long-time resident of Yellow Springs, Ohio, has a strong cencern for the innocent citizens of Vietnam who are being severly burned by napalm bombs. The often-recurring question of what innocent citizens have to do with war is a nagging one; most people just shut out the problem but Mr. Champney set about doing something

He saw in Adelle Davis's latest book, Let's Get Well, a convincing account of how vitamin E aids burned tissue, even allowing healing with no scars. He wondered why American doctors didn't use this harmless method of treating burns. He asked around and found no interest among doctors; medical books say there is no truly effective way of treating burns. So he finally ended up visiting Dr. Evan Shute in London, Ontario, Can., who has experimented extensively with vitamin E. Dr. Shute aided Mr. Champney in finding a suitable supply of vitamin E.

But then Mr. Champney found himself in distinct conflict with the U. S. government, which dislikes the possibility of aiding the enemy. Officials would not consider the shipping of vitamin E to Vietnam. So Mr. Chacpney asked the Canadians if they would help and it seems arrangements can be made, but now funds are needed for shipping. Want to help? He lives at 130 W. Limestone, Yellow Springs, Ohio.

He would still like to convince our American doctors of the value of vitamin E. He asks any of us who would like to help to go to a doctor with the idea of treating half of a burn with E and the other half with orthodox medication. By the way, a spray form of vitamin E is available from Weber Pharmaceuticals in Canada, but the perles will do. Just sterilize a needle, pierce the end of a perle and squirt the oil on the burned area. It's easy and painless. Also, vitamin E taken internally speeds healing; so does PABA (paraaminobenzoic acid).

Adelle Davis says E reduces the cells' need for oxygen, and causes more efficient utilization of oxygen too. Don't know about you but I have my vitamin E ready!

More On Education At Home

On Rt. 1, Windsor, Vt., live young homesteaders Mario and Margaret Scarpa, and their four young children. The oldest is 7, and they wish to educate her at home. Besides the values they want to put first in her education. they consider the mile walk to the bus—in rain, snow, cold—a difficulty they would like to

remove.

Mario recently appeared before a local judge to ask for an informal hearing on a complaint the court had brought against him for educating his child at home. The State's attorney told the court the State would not prosecute if Scarpa would agree to send his children to school.

Scarpas Plan to Move

Mr. Scarpa writes to the Green Revolution: "Since we cannot get permission to teach our children at home and because of the feelings here, we have decided that this is not the place for us. As soon as we can get our belongings together, our intent is to move to live among the Amish in Conewango Valley, N. Y. These people are much as we are (or at least hope to be). A way of life is what we wish to give our children, not merely a school "education." But this is an old story to those who read the wonderful Green Revolution."

The Scarpa homestead includes 170 acres of fields and woods, with two brooks that hold up beautifully during drought. All is farmed organically, and good yields are produced. Their cash crop is pure cider vinegar, from unsprayed "wild" apples. The acres are now up for sale and they hope for a buyer who will appreciate their organic purity.

The Scarpas do not wish to sell the cider mill and some few acres around it. This is their "living" and they are loathe to dispose of it. A large supply of good cider and excellent vinegar, aged in oak, are on hand for sale now.

Coles Have Moved

A year ago (November 1965 and January 1966). Green Revolution carried reports on the Darrel & Margaret Cole family effort to teach their children at home. They too decided that the education they wished and could give their children was more important than their "residence." Hence they have moved to another section; eventually they plan to move to Mexico or Canada.

Establishing Own School

Helen & Joe Ryan, Rt. 2, Franklin, N. H., are proceeding with plans for a private school at their homestead, to which other children will be welcome.

Year-End Meeting, cont'd

crisis in our cities." In the face of what we regard as mistaken uses of the world's wealth, we are challenged to press on with the important work we all want to do at the School of Living's Heathcote Center. We believe the additional \$7,000 needed to take this project out of the bank mortgage class, and make it the debtfree property of all School of Living members, is both a worthy and a realistic goal.

Methods of Heathcote Support You can support the Heathcote

project in several ways:

1. Small gifts for continued repoyations and operations.

renovations and operations.

2. Larger gifts (say \$50 and up) to be applied on payments on

the balance owed.

3. Loans at either low or nointerest are most welcome. (It
is very encouraging that several
generous members have offered/
made \$1,000 loans at no interest.)

4. Those who want access to and use of a homestead plot of an acre or more at Heathcote are putting \$1,000 into the project, called an investment. To date four persons are in this category (James Iden Smith, Mildred Loomis, John Bischof and Leo Rainer). Plans for land allotment and homesteads will be discussed in future Green Revolutions.

Recent Heathcote Contributions

Contributions since September, not yet acknowledged in Green Revolution, include: L. Hoover \$20, S. Eisman \$5, H. Graham \$25, A. Bialastosky \$10, M. Davis \$5, L. Labadie \$10, J. Whitman \$15, E. Haswell \$50, E. Allen \$50, H. Kaplan \$15, Dr. R. Bays \$15, B. Newcomb \$10, R. J. Cheatham \$10, J. I. Smith \$10. Total \$250. Thanks to all who keep this fund growing. — M. J. Loomis, treasurer.

How Much Difficulty Is In Ourselves; How Much In Our Environment?

Normal Neurosis, Part II

By M. J. Loomis

Readers who are open to selfsearching may find the book, Normal Neurosis (Gail and Snell Putney), as useful as the one who wrote:

"I want you to know that I value this book as some come to value an experience they call 'revelation.' After reading this incredible book I still feel the urge to climb back on that sinking ship — my old Self — which was once so sure . . . but like the true religious convert I am certain of an irrevocable change in me. The timid awareness of this in myself washes over me with a vast, reassuring gladness and renewing strength. This sounds terribly emotional and poetic but it is surely and simply my truest response to a great offering. My amazement is only that it has been so long in coming. I would like a half-dozen more copies."

Readers of Green Revolution find a great many things wrong with the "world"—with the practices, patterns and institutions around them. Your editor, as you know, agrees. But this should not blind us to the faults in ourselves that add to or create the difficulty "outside." It may be that School of Living people share the habit, all too common everywhere, of blaming other people or situations for our own attitudes, reactions, and feelings.

Most people appreciate and want poise, energy, joy. But every one of us often experiences the opposite — frustration, anger, apathy, depression. How do we achieve the former? How outgrow the latter? Some say they do it by prayer, by training or instructing the Unconscious. The authors of Normal Neurosis show that one can follow definite steps in creating this more acceptable Self.

A main point in their thinking is that any negative emotionboredom, jealousy, hatred, prejudice — all are signals of our own faulty self image. If one is angry with his spouse, he cannot blame the spouse for this-he must look within to see what in himself is lacking. And then set about sharing those feelings and communicating with the spouse about what it is that is upsetting. Once we get this idea actually absorbed into our being, there is very little that one can "blame" on the "outside." It enlarges immensely the area for our own responsibility and action.

When We Hate

Hear the Putneys: "A person hates in others those things—and only those things—which they despise in themselves."

It takes a while to accept this idea. You say, "but there are things like war, poverty, cheating—all those things one must hate. They are really 'out there'

and it's right to hate them."

Surely, the Putneys would agree that we should disapprove of those things, and work to eradicate them. One can disapprove of or disagree with other people's action in a rational and dispassionate manner. But to "hate" them is an irrational and impassioned act. When that strong feeling arises in us, that betrays our own underlying selfcontempt. Hatred is an emotional energy which prevents self-acceptance. The energy we spend in hating, we can't or don't spend in seeking out the lacks in our own selves. The feeling of hate or anger is a sign to us that there is something we haven't faced or accepted in ourselvesand which we should begin working on to improve. Hatred is a normal (average) neurosis.

Projection

Hatred begins in a person's attempt to disown certain potentialities of the self. We don't get rid of these unwanted capacities by denying they exist. But ordinarily this is what we try to do. We attempt to get self-acceptance by self-deceit, which the Putneys call alienation. "Alienation is the failure to acknowledge aspects of the self, which are then seen as alien." We "rationalize" this by contending that this capacity belongs to someone else.

In this way we project our alienated or unwanted characteristics onto someone else — a spouse, a child, a Negro, a Jew. a Catholic. (Long ago it was a custom for the village priest to cast evil spirits out of people and into a goat, which the people fell upon and drove from the village.) How often do we look for a scapegoat—project our own unwanted qualities onto someone else and then "drive them away" by looking on them with indignation and contempt?

Projection is a mental mechanism used when we transfer some unwanted (alienated) aspect of the self to someone else. Isn't projection a misuse of human energy? How much of the trouble in our "environment" is in our-

(Normal Neurosis is \$4 from the School of Living.)

Letters, cont'd

way is an engineer's dream! Though we've never seen them, we can tell by the air bubbles where they are. We had planned to build a dam almost in the same location with soil conservation help. Doesn't that help prove we should leave nature alone?

Sometimes we think of putting up a sign at our driveway: "A School of Living Member Lives Here"—as the 4-H do. We like to think this would be indication of and welcome from alert, useful people. — Nina Johnson, RFD. Newberg, Ore.

(advertisement)

The United States Has Committed War Crimes And Crimes Against Humanity In Vietnam

An international investigating committee has travelled throughout Vietnam, gathering evidence. The International War Crimes Tribunal has been organized, under the leadership of Bertrand Russell, to examine this evidence exhaustively, and to make the findings known to world opinion. This Tribunal was called in the conviction that atrocious crimes have been committed by the United States in Vietnam, and that judgment must be invoked against those responsible. The Tribunal will convene early in 1967, in Paris.

Read Bertrand Russell's "An Appeal to the American Conscience." It explains very clearly the motives behind the United States aggression in Vietnam, and much more. Also "Post Script: To the Conscience of Mankind." Ten cents each from Bertrand Russell Peace Foundation, 342 W. 84th St., New York, N. Y. 10024.

Join millions of others throughout the world, who are demanding justice for the people of Vietnam. Help the War Crimes Tribunal. Make it a Tribunal of the Conscience of Mankind.